

# **Human B7-1/CD80 Antibody**

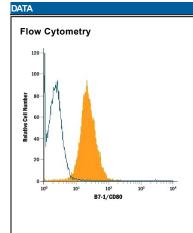
Monoclonal Mouse IgG<sub>1</sub> Clone # 37711 Catalog Number: MAB140

DESCRIPTION			
Species Reactivity	Human		
Specificity	Detects human B7-1/CD80 in ELISAs. In sandwich immunoassays, no cross-reactivity or interference with recombinant human (rh) B7-2, recombinant mouse (rm) B7-1, rmB7-2, rhB7-H1, rhB7-H2, rhB7-H3 or rmPD-L2 is observed.		
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG <sub>1</sub> Clone # 37711		
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant		
Immunogen	S. frugiperda insect ovarian cell line Sf 21-derived recombinant human B7-1/CD80 Val35-Asn242 (predicted) Accession # P33681		
Endotoxin Level	<0.10 EU per 1 µg of the antibody by the LAL method.		
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.		

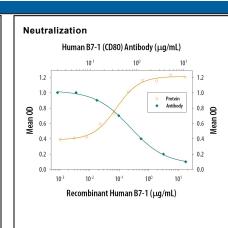
## APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Flow Cytometry	2.5 μg/10 <sup>6</sup> cells	See Below
Immunohistochemistry	8-25 μg/mL	See Below
Human B7-1/CD80 Sandwich Immunoassay		Reagent
ELISA Capture	2-8 μg/mL	Human B7-1/CD80 Antibody (Catalog # MAB140)
ELISA Detection	0.5-2.0 μg/mL	Human B7-1/CD80 Biotinylated Antibody (Catalog # BAM1402)
Standard		Recombinant Human B7-1/CD80 Fc Chimera (Catalog # 140-B1)
CyTOF-ready	Ready to be labeled using established conjugation methods. No BSA or other carrier proteins that could interfere with conjugation.	
Neutralization	,	lity to neutralize B7-1/CD80 and PHA-induced IL-2 secretion in the Jurkat human acute T cell he Neutralization Dose (ND <sub>50</sub> ) is typically 0.2-1 μg/mL in the presence of 1 μg/mL Recombinant
	Human B7-1/CD80	Fc Chimera and 10 µg/mL PHA.



Detection of B7-1/CD80 in Raji Human Cell Line by Flow Cytometry. Raji human Burkitt's lymphoma cell line was stained with Mouse Anti-Human B7-1/CD80 Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # MAB140, filled histogram) or isotype control antibody (Catalog # MAB002, open histogram), followed by Fluorescein-conjugated Anti-Mouse IgG Secondary Antibody (Catalog # F0103B).



IL-2 secretion Induced by B7-1/CD80 and Neutralization by Human B7-1/CD80 Antibody. Recombinant Human B7-1/CD80 Fc Chimera (Catalog # 140-B1) co-stimulates IL-2 secretion in the Jurkat human acute T cell leukemia cell line in the presence of PHA in a dose-dependent manner (orange line), as measured by the Human IL-2 Quantikine ELISA Kit (Catalog # D2050). IL-2 secretion elicited by Recombinant Human B7-1/CD80 Fc Chimera (1 µg/mL) and PHA (10 µg/mL) is neutralized (green line) by increasing concentrations of Mouse Anti-Human B7-1/CD80 Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # MAB140). The  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{ND}_{50}}$  is typically 0.2-1 µg/mL.

Rev. 2/7/2018 Page 1 of 2

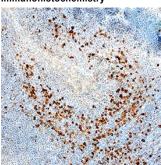




## **Human B7-1/CD80 Antibody**

Monoclonal Mouse IgG<sub>1</sub> Clone # 37711 Catalog Number: MAB140

### Immunohistochemistry



B7-1/CD80 in Human Tonsil. B7-1/CD80 was detected in immersion fixed paraffinembedded sections of human tonsil using Mouse Anti-Human B7-1/CD80 Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # MAB140) at 5 µg/mL overnight at 4 °C. Tissue was stained using the Anti-Mouse HRP-DAB Cell & Tissue Staining Kit (brown; Catalog # CTS002) and counterstained with hematoxylin (blue). Specific staining was localized to cytoplasm in lymphocytes. View our protocol for Chromogenic IHC Staining of Paraffinembedded Tissue Sections.

### PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS.

Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

\*Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C

#### 

- 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
- 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution
- 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution

## BACKGROUND

B7-1 and B7-2, together with their receptors CD28 and CTLA-4, constitute one of the dominant co-stimulatory pathways that regulate T- and B-cell responses. Although both CTLA-4 and CD28 can bind to the same ligands, CTLA-4 binds to B7-1 and B7-2 with a 20-100 fold higher affinity than CD28 and is involved in the down-regulation of the immune response. B7-1 is expressed on activated B cells, activated T cells, and macrophages. B7-2 is constitutively expressed on interdigitating dendritic cells, Langerhans cells, peripheral blood dendritic cells, memory B cells, and germinal center B cells. Additionally, B7-2 is expressed at low levels on monocytes and can be up-regulated through Interferon y. B7-1 and B7-2 are both members of the Immunoglobulin superfamily. Human B7-1 is a 288 amino acid (aa) protein containing a 34 aa signal peptide, a 208 aa extracellular domain, a 21 aa transmembrane domain, and a 25 aa cytoplasmic domain. Human B7-1 and B7-2 share 26% aa sequenceidentity. Human and mouse B7-1 share 44% aa sequenceidentity. However, it has been observed that both human and mouse B7-1 and B7-2 can bind to either human or mouse CD28 and CTLA-4, suggesting that there are conserved amino acids which form the B7-1/B7-2/CD28/CTLA-4 critical binding sites.

## References:

- 1. Azuma, M. et al. (1993) Nature 366:76
- 2. Freeman, G.J. et al. (1993) Science 262:909.
- 3. Freeman, G. et al. (1991) J. Exp. Med. 174:625.
- 4. Selvakumar, A. et al. (1993) Immunogenetics 38:292.
- 5. Chen, C. et al. (1994) J. Immunol. 152:4929.
- 6. Freeman, G.J. et al. (1993) J. Exp. Med. 178:2185.

